

```

module Waiter[t = 0 to 4]
    op getforks(int), relforks(int); # for philosophers
    op needL(), needR();           # for waiters
    passL(), passR();
    op forks(bool,bool,bool,bool); # for initialization
body
    op hungry(), eat();          # local operations
    bool haveL, dirtyL, haveR, dirtyR; # status of forks
    int left = (t-1) % 5 ;          # left neighbor
    int right = (t+1) % 5;          # right neighbor

    proc getforks() {
        send hungry(); # tell waiter philosopher is hungry
        receive eat(); # wait for permission to eat
    }

    process the_waiter {
        receive forks(haveL, dirtyL, haveR, dirtyR);
        while (true) {
            in hungry() ->
                # ask for forks I don't have
                if (!haveR) send Waiter[right].needL();
                if (!haveL) send Waiter[left].needR();
                # wait until I have both forks
                while (!haveL or !haveR)
                    in passR() ->
                        haveR = true; dirtyR = false;
                    [] passL() ->
                        haveL = true; dirtyL = false;
                    [] needR() st dirtyR ->
                        haveR = false; dirtyR = false;
                        send Waiter[right].passL();
                        send Waiter[right].needL()
                    [] needL() st dirtyL ->
                        haveL = false; dirtyL = false;
                        send Waiter[left].passR();
                        send Waiter[left].needR();
                    ni
                    # let philosopher eat, then wait for release
                    send eat(); dirtyL = true; dirtyR = true;
                    receive relforks();
                [] needR() ->
                    # neighbor needs my right fork (its left)
                    haveR = false; dirtyR = false;
                    send Waiter[right].passL();
                [] needL() ->
                    # neighbor needs my left fork (its right)
                    haveL = false; dirtyL = false;
                    send Waiter[left].passR();
                ni
            }
        }
    end Waiter

```

```
process Philosopher[i = 0 to 4] {
    while (true) {
        call Waiter[i].getforks();
        eat;
        call Waiter[i].relforks();
        think;
    }
}

process Main { # initialize the forks held by waiters
    send Waiter[0].forks(true, true, true, true);
    send Waiter[1].forks(false, false, true, true);
    send Waiter[2].forks(false, false, true, true);
    send Waiter[3].forks(false, false, true, true);
    send Waiter[4].forks(false, false, false, false);
}
```

Figure 9.21 Decentralized dining philosophers.

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